
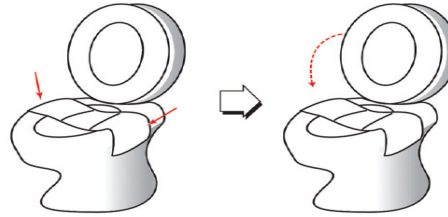


OCCULT BLOOD FOR HEMOSURE® IFOB TEST (FIT)

Document number	LA-75-WI-076E_03.30
Revision date	2019-May-30
Required Specimen Type	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Two stool samples from two consecutive bowel movements.
Medical Supplies	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Occult Blood Kit – Immunological (acquire the specific collection kit from your doctor or the laboratory).
General Guidelines	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> All specimens must include a double identification (first and last name of the patient and date of birth or medicare number). The use of gloves is required when handling all biological specimens. A valid requisition must include the following information : <ul style="list-style-type: none"> First and last name of the patient, date of birth or medicare number and gender. Date and time of specimen collection and signature of collector. Physician’s full name, signature and license number (or other qualified prescriber). Any relevant clinical information. Requested tests.
Patient Preparation	<p><u>Diet</u> No special diet is required.</p> <p>No interference was observed with: broccoli, cantaloupe, cauliflower, horseradish, parsnip, raw turnip, and red radish.</p> <p>This assay is not affected by dietary peroxidases, animal blood or asorbic acid.</p> <p><u>Medication</u> Certain medications may cause gastrointestinal irritation resulting in occult bleeding. This may result in a false positive test. Consult your physician.</p> <p><u>Patients should consult their health care professional prior to stopping any medication</u></p>
Specimen Collection Instructions	<p>The special collection kit includes: sample collection paper, sample collection tubes and an envelope.</p>  <p>Two separate stool specimens should be collected from consecutive bowel movements.</p> <p>Step 1- Preparation for sample collection:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Identify the tubes with the patient’s full name and date of birth. Flush the toilet to clear bowl (do not use a bowl which utilizes automatic bowl cleaners, bluing agents, etc.).

- Lift toilet seat and position sample collection paper across the rim of the toilet bowl. Secure adhesive tabs to the sides of toilet rim. Lower the toilet seat.

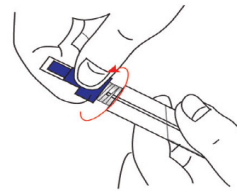


- Make bowel movement onto the collection paper.

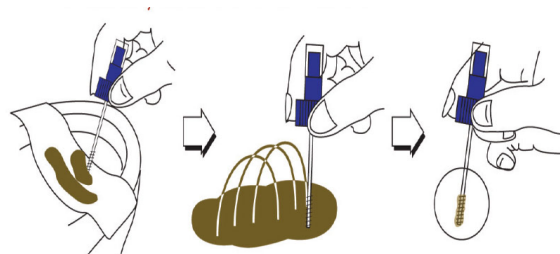


Step 2 – Sample collection:

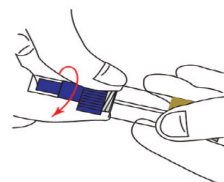
- Unscrew the purple cap from the sample collection tube. **DO NOT POUR OUT THE LIQUID.**





- Poke spiral the applicator into the stool at **6** different sites. Use only enough fecal material to cover the tip of the applicator. **DO NOT CLUMP, SCOOP, OR FILL THE TUBE.** Placing too much stool in the sample collection tube will result in an unacceptable sample and you will be required to repeat the test.



- Screw the applicator back into the tube and secure tightly.



	<p>Step 3 – Sample return:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Fill out the return envelope with your first and last name, phone number and the name of your doctor.  <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Insert the sample collection tubes into specimen pouch and seal. Insert the specimen pouch into the envelope and seal.  <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Return the sample packet immediately to your doctor, or the laboratory in person.
Additional Information	<p>Samples should not be collected if the patient is experiencing any of these condition, as they may interfere with the tests results:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Menstrual bleeding Bleeding hemorrhoids Constipation bleeding Urinary bleeding
Specimen Conservation and Stability	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The fecal collection tube may be safely stored up to fourteen (14) days at room temperature as high and as 98.6°F (37 °C), and up to six (6) months refrigerated at 39.2°F (4°C)